

SHRI RAMSWAROOP MEMORIAL UNIVERSITY

End Semester Examination (2021-22)-Odd Semester

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| BA (Hons.) Economics - I Year (I Sem) | |
| Course Name: Mathematics for Economics | Code: BEM1004 |
| Time: 02 Hours | Max Marks: 60 |

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| University Roll No. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (To be filled by the Student) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note: Please read instructions carefully:

- a) The question paper has 03 sections and it is compulsory to attempt all sections.
- b) All questions of Section A are compulsory; questions in Section B and C contain choice.

| Section A: Very Short Answer type Questions | | BL | CLO | Marks (10) |
|---|---|------|------|------------|
| Attempt all the questions. | | | | |
| 1. | Explain the following by Venn Diagram: (a) Differences among sets (b) Intersection of sets | BL 2 | CL01 | 02 |
| 2. | Differentiate $Y = (1+X^2+X^3)(3X+5)$ with respect to X. | BL 2 | CL02 | 02 |
| 3. | The product of 3 consecutive terms in geometric progression is 216 and their sum is 19, find the terms. | BL 4 | CL01 | 02 |
| 4. | Briefly describe the properties of multiplication of matrices. | BL 2 | CL03 | 02 |
| 5. | Explain the rule of the integral of a sum or difference of two functions. | BL 2 | CL04 | 02 |
| Section B: Short Answer Type Questions | | BL | CLO | Marks (30) |
| Attempt any 03 out of 05 questions. | | | | |
| 1. | Explain De Morgan's Law of Set Theory with an example. | BL 2 | CL01 | 10 |
| 2. | Discuss necessary and sufficient conditions for minimization of cost with an example. | BL 2 | CL02 | 10 |
| 3. | The demand function of a firm is $P = 1000 - 0.2Q$ and its cost function is $C = 35Q + 1000$, where P = Price, Q = Output and C = Cost. Find output at which the profit of the firm is maximum. | BL 4 | CL02 | 10 |
| 4. | If $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 5 & 5 & 6 \\ 6 & 5 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$ Prove that $AB \neq BA$. | BL 5 | CL03 | 10 |
| 5. | Marginal cost of producing X units of a commodity in a day is $16X - 1591$. The selling price is Rs. 9 per unit and fixed cost is Rs. 1800. Find its profit function. | BL 4 | CL04 | 10 |
| Section C: Long Answer Type Questions/Case Study | | BL | CLO | Marks (20) |
| Attempt any 01 out of 04 questions. | | | | |
| 1. | Out of a group of 20 teachers in a school 10 teach Mathematics, 9 teach Economics and 7 teach Statistics. 4 teach Mathematics and Economics but none teach both Mathematics and Statistics. How many teach: (a) Economics only | BL 5 | CL01 | 20 |

| | (b) Mathematics only (c) Economics and Statistics (d) Economics and Mathematics | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|----|
| 2. | Total cost function of a product is given below: $C = 1,000 + 300Q - 20Q^2 + Q^3$. (a) Find Average Variable Cost (b) Find Marginal Cost (c) Find slope of the Marginal Cost curve (d) At what level of output is Marginal Cost equal to Average Variable Cost? | BL 4 | CL02 | 20 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. | ABC company sells three commodities in the markets of Kanpur and Kolkata as shown below: <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>City</th> <th>Article A</th> <th>Article B</th> <th>Article C</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Kanpur</td> <td>15,000</td> <td>35,000</td> <td>42,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Kolkata</td> <td>13,500</td> <td>24,000</td> <td>28,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sale price per unit</td> <td>Rs. 5</td> <td>Rs. 6</td> <td>Rs. 4</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Find the total revenue from each city using matrix algebra.</p> | City | Article A | Article B | Article C | Kanpur | 15,000 | 35,000 | 42,000 | Kolkata | 13,500 | 24,000 | 28,000 | Sale price per unit | Rs. 5 | Rs. 6 | Rs. 4 | BL 4 | CL03 | 20 |
| City | Article A | Article B | Article C | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Kanpur | 15,000 | 35,000 | 42,000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Kolkata | 13,500 | 24,000 | 28,000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sale price per unit | Rs. 5 | Rs. 6 | Rs. 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14. | The cost of constructing a 750 feet road is as follows: Rs. 3000 for the first foot and in addition Rs. 500 for every subsequent foot. Find: (a) the cost of constructing the last foot of the road. (b) the cost of constructing first 100 feet of the road. (c) the cost of constructing the last 100 feet of the road. (d) the cost of constructing the entire road. | BL 4 | CL01 | 20 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
